PWS ID 1613001 North Jersey District Water Supply Commission

The Table below lists all the drinking water analytes that we detected during calendar year 2018.

The presence of these analytes in the water does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. Unless otherwise noted, the data presented in this table is from January 1 through December 31, 2018. The state requires us to monitor for certain contaminants less than once per year because the concentrations of these contaminants are not expected to vary significantly from year to year.

Inorganic Compounds	NJDWSC Result	Min	Мах	Federal/State MCL	MCL Meets Std?	MCLG	Typical source of Contaminant	
Barium (ppm)	0.0145		0.0145	2/2	Yes	2	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposts.	
Nitrate (ppm as N)	0.351		0.351	10 / 10	Yes	10	tanks, sewage, Erosion of hatural deposits.	
Turbidity (NTU) (Combined Filtered Water)	0.41	highest single measurement 1/01/18 - 12/31/18		TT = 1 NTU	Yes		Soil Runoff	
	99.9%	Lowest monthly % of samples <0.3 NTU		TT = 95% of samples <0.3 NTU	Yes	NA		
	0.06	Average for 2018						
Total Organic Carbon (TOC) ppm	1.1 Running Annual Average by % Removal Ratio or			TT = Percent (%) removal or meeting alternative criteria removal ratio of 1.0.	Yes	N/A	Naturally present in the environment.	
	Alternative Compliance Criteria Removal Ratio							
Lead & Copper (2018) 1x/yr (Jan-Jun) 10 samples	90th Percentile	Sam > /	-	AL	MCL Meets Std?	MCLG	Typical source of Contaminant	
Lead (ppb) Commission Facility	< 2.0	0		15	Yes	0	Corrosion of household plumbing; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood	
Copper (ppm) Commission Facility	0.094	C)	1.3	Yes	1.3	preservatives.	
Lead (ppb) Copper (ppm)		Municipality unicipality 1		Corrosion of household plumbing; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood				
	samples required for th	e period of J	luly - Dec (2	018). NJDWSC qua	lified for reduc	ced annual n	nonitoring for Lead and Copper per NJDEP.	

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Organic Disinfection by-products Annual (Aug 2018)		NJDWSC Result	Min Max MCL Meets Std?		MCL Meets Std?	Typical source of Contaminant	
Total Trihalomethanes (ppb)		OTP - 46.1 Admin Bldg - 38.9	NA NA Y		Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection	
		Note: Municipality to	insert thei	r respecti	ve DBP results.		
Total Haloacetic Acids (ppb)		OTP - 31.7 Admin Bldg - 22.6	NA			By-product of drinking water disinfection	
		Note: Municipality to	insert thei	ir respecti	ve DBP results.		
Regulated Disinfectants NJDWSC Facility		NJDWSC Result	MRDL		MRDLG	Typical source of Contaminant	
Chlorine as Cl ₂ (ppm)		0.9 Annual Average	4.0 4.0		4.0	Treatment Process	
Secondary Compounds		NJDWSC	Federal/State Seconda		tate Secondary	Mark Damage dad	Turissississis
Plant Effluent		Result	Standards (Recommended Upper Limit)				Typical source of Contaminant
ABS/LAS	ppm	< 0.05	500		yes		
Alkalinity	ppm	38	NS		yes	Naturally present in the environment	
Aluminum	ppm	0.060	≤ 0.200				yes
Chloride	ppm	71	≤ 250				yes
Color	SU	2	≤ 10				yes
Copper	ppm	0.019	≤ 1.0				yes
Hardness	ppm	52	50 - 250				yes
Iron	ppm	0.012	≤ 0.3				yes
Manganese	ppm	0.0023	≤ 0.05				yes
Odor	TON	< 1.0	3				yes
Sodium	ppm	40	≤ 50				yes
pН	units	8.0	6.5 - 8.5				yes
Sulfate	ppm	7.6	≤ 250				yes
Total Dissolved Solids	ppm	177	≤ 500				yes
Zinc	ppm	0.016	≤ 5		yes		
Microbiologicals		NJDWSC Result	M	CL	MCLG	MCL Meets Std?	Typical source of Contaminant
Total Coliform Bacteria (%)		0.00%	< 5% of sample	monthly e total	0	Yes	Naturally present in the environment
Microbiologicals							
Microbiologicals: The N sample per month of it's			urrent comr	munity pop	ulation of approx. 150 pe	ersons, is required to collect	one Total Coliform

Specific municipalities to insert results for their respective total coliform results.

Definitions of Terms in Table of Water Quality Characteristics

ABS/LAS: Alkylbenzene Sulfonate and Linear Alkylbenzene Sulfonate (surfactants)

Action Level (AL) - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Inorganic Compounds - Chemicals associated with minerals and metals.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) – The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residuals Disinfectant Level (MRDL) – The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Goal (MRDLG) – The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contamination.

<u>Microbiologicals</u> - Microorganisms such as bacteria, viruses, and protozoa, which may be potentially harmful. These organisms may occur naturally or can be introduced into the environment from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, and runoff.

Primary Standards – Maximum allowable levels set by Federal drinking water regulations, which are based on human health criteria.

Secondary Standards - Recommended levels set by Federal drinking water regulations for substances that are not health related. These reflect aesthetic qualities of

TON - Threshold Odor Number

TT - Treatment Technique – A required process intended to reduce the level of contamination in drinking water.

Turbidity – A measure of the particulate matter or "cloudiness" of the water. High turbidity can hinder the effectiveness of disinfectants.

- **NA** Not Applicable
- ND Non-Detectable
- ug/L Concentration in parts per billion
- <u>NS</u> No Standard.
- **NTU** National Turbidity Unit unit of turbidity measurement.
- ppb Concentration in parts per billion.
- ppm Concentration in parts per million.
- RAA Running annual average
- pCi/L Picocuries per liter